

Демонстрационный вариант

проверочных материалов для промежуточной аттестации
обучающихся 8 классов (в форме семейного образования
и самообразования) по АНГЛИЙСКОМУ ЯЗЫКУ

Назначение демонстрационного варианта заключается в том, чтобы
дать возможность составить представление о структуре работы,
количестве заданий, их форме, уровне сложности.

Раздел АУДИРОВАНИЕ

1

Вы услышите шесть высказываний. Установите соответствие между
высказываниями каждого говорящего **A–F** и заголовками, данными в
списке **1–7**. Используйте каждый заголовок, обозначенный
соответствующей цифрой, **только один раз**. В задании есть **один**
лишний заголовок. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу цифры под
соответствующими буквами.
Вам прочитают высказывания дважды.

1. An eccentric person
2. A doubtful gift
3. Gifts and talents
4. A gifted person
5. Valuable gifts
6. An energetic person
7. A famous person

Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E	F
Утверждение						

Прослушайте небольшой рассказ об Алексе Ленкее и заполните пропуски
недостающими сведениями. Каждому пропуску соответствует
отдельное задание 2–8. Учитель прочитает вам рассказ дважды.

2

Alex Lenkei used _____ instead of drugs as
anesthetic.

3

He wanted to use hypnosis to block out _____
from the surgery.

4

The doctor David Clark did not _____ .

5

Lenkei was a registered _____ since 16.

6

Everything _____ for the operation.

7

The surgeon David Clark _____ his work skillfully.

8

Lenkei said he felt deeply _____ throughout the
surgery.

Раздел ЧТЕНИЕ

9

Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски A–F частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами 1–7. Занесите цифры, обозначающие соответствующие части предложений, в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. Одна из частей в списке 1–7 лишняя.

A father had a family of sons who were constantly quarreling among themselves. When he failed to stop their disputes [A] _____, he determined to give them a practical illustration of the evils of disunion. For this purpose he one day told [B] _____ him a bunch of sticks. When they had done so, he placed [C] _____ of each of them in chain, and ordered them to break it in pieces. They tried [D] _____, and were not able to do it. He next opened the bunch, took [E] _____, one by one, and again put them into his sons' hands, upon which they broke them easily. He then addressed them in these words: "My sons, if you are of one mind, and unite to help each other, you [F] _____, uninjured by all the attempts of your enemies; but if you are divided among yourselves, you will be broken as easily as these sticks."

1. the bunch into the hands
2. separate sticks
3. by his advice
4. will be as this bunch
5. with all their strength
6. them to bring
7. the sticks separately

A	B	C	D	E	F

Прочитайте текст и определите, какие из приведённых утверждений 10–15 соответствуют содержанию текста (1 – True), какие не соответствуют (2 – False) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (3 – Not stated). Обведите номер выбранного Вами варианта ответа.

Young children whose parents read aloud to them have better language and

literacy skills when they go to school, according to a review published in the Archives of Disease in Childhood.

Children who have been read aloud to are also more likely to develop a love of reading, which is more important than language and literacy. And the advantages they gain continue, compared with the children who start out as poor readers in their first year of school and likely to remain so.

In addition, describing pictures in the book, explaining the meaning of the story and encouraging the child to talk about what was read to them and to ask questions can improve their understanding of the world and their social skills.

The authors of the review explain that the style of reading has more impact on children's early language and literacy development than the frequency of reading aloud. Middle class parents tend to use a more interactive style, making connections to the child's own experience or real world, explaining new words and the motivations of the characters, while working class parents tend to focus more on labelling and describing pictures. These differences in reading styles can impact on children's development of language and literacy-related skills.

10

The published review is about different children diseases.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

11

Children whose parents read them tales and stories are more successful at school.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

12

Discussing the context of the book with the children helps them to improve social skills.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

13

Styles of reading influence children's language development.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

14

The frequency of reading aloud motivates children's social experience.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

15

Different reading styles don't influence children's language skills.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

Раздел ЛЕКСИКА И ГРАММАТИКА

Прочитайте текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 16–21, так чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы 16–21.

I'm Martha Sherpa, a professional cookery instructor and the owner of "Cookery.Hk".

16 In my Chinese cooking class, what you learn with me, _____ what you can order in a good TO BE
real Chinese restaurant.

17 No matter you are just a food-lover or a culinary professional, I _____ you all the genuine Chinese TO TEACH
cooking skills.

18 That's why there are culinary professionals and food lovers coming from different parts of the world to join my _____ class cooking lessons. ONE

19 A lot of employers also send their helpers to us, some of them already _____ training in Chinese TO RECEIVE
cooking before.

20 When I asked them why their employers sent them to _____, they said their employers were WE
unhappy with the food that they cooked the taste was different from what they had in restaurants. I really feel sorry for them, it's not their fault.

21 Their employers are _____ familiar MUCH
with the restaurant style Chinese food than they are. How can they expect their helpers to cook restaurant style food if they just received training in simple home-style cooking?

Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами 22–27. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям 22–27, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов. Обведите номер выбранного Вами варианта ответа.

A trip to the beach, a walk in the woods, a hike in the mountains... Virtual reality field trips are now making these types of trips possible.

Lack of money, time and a lot more tests are taking 22 _____ many schools' ability to take their students on field trips, but now new technology may let them 23 _____ the world without leaving the classroom. Students are 24 _____ to go, but many field trips are being stopped in their tracks. Now, a virtual field trip takes students to places they may 25 _____ get to go, while never going outdoors.

Psychologists Janis Cannon-Bowers and Alicia Sanchez are part of the team that 26 _____ virtual reality field trips. Alicia Sanchez, a research scientist at the University of Central Florida, in Orlando, Fla., says, "We did this

27 _____ we knew that there was a problem locally and nationally with reading and education, and we thought that we could find a very cool, high-tech way to solve that problem."

22 1) from 2) away 3) on 4) for

23 1) explore 2) travel 3) search 4) walk

24 1) arranged 2) set 3) ready 4) complete

25 1) on occasion 2) never 3) at no time 4) ever

26 1) built 2) formed 3) produced 4) created

27 1) since 2) so 3) for 4) because

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **28–33**, однокоренные слова так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы **28-33**.

28

Science Daily reports today are about teenage relations. Too much confidence among teenage students can be _____.

HARM

29

In a study that reinforces the danger of extensively supporting a child's self-esteem – whether the child earns that distinction or not – the results show a clear _____ between overconfident students and low reading comprehension.

CONNECT

30

The authors suggest recommendations for parents and _____.

TEACH

31

"While some self-confidence is helpful, overconfident 15-year-olds are often below-average readers in all 34 countries we studied," says Ming Chiu, the lead author of the study and a professor in the Department of Learning and Instruction in the University at Buffalo's Graduate School of _____.

EDUCATE

32

The difference lies in a student's _____ to accurately assess and evaluate his or her own reading level, according to Chiu.

ABLE

33

Those who can accurately gauge their strengths and _____ are usually in a better position to identify realistic goals and achieve them

WEAK

Тексты по аудированию

- 1** Сейчас Вы будете выполнять задания по аудированию. Каждый текст прозвучит 2 раза. После первого и второго прослушиваний у Вас будет время для выполнения и проверки заданий.

Задание 1.

*Вы услышите шесть высказываний. Установите соответствие между высказываниями каждого говорящего **A–F** и заголовками, данными в списке **1–7**. Используйте каждый заголовок, обозначенный соответствующей цифрой, **только один раз**. В задании есть **один лишний заголовок**. Вам прочитают высказывания дважды. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. У Вас есть 20 секунд, чтобы ознакомиться с заданием.*

Now we are ready to start.

Speaker A

Buying gifts can be tricky at the best of times, but what do you buy when the U.S. president comes to visit? Barack Obama has published a list of gifts received by his family from World Leaders in 2011. The list includes a description of each gift, an estimate of its value and the reason for accepting. The most expensive present was a blue mask sculpture in a red box, given by the president of the tiny West African country, Gabon. Other gifts include rare football sweaters from Australia and Brazil, a Maori weapon from New Zealand.

Speaker B

Jill Price is a woman who remembers everything since teen. Imagine every detail, of every hour, of every day, of every year, since you were 14. Useful? Annoying? Unusual? Interesting? Well, this has been Jill Price's life since she was 14. Price considers it a curse instead of a gift since she is unable to not remember things. Very detailed memories such as what time she awoke, what she ate, who she met is in her brain and can be activated by songs, smells, or locations.

Speaker C

Alia Sabur became the youngest college professor at 18. Sabur began college at age 10 and at 14 became the youngest female in history to obtain a college degree. Her education did not stop there however as she continued her post graduate studies at Drexel in materials science and engineering. Three days before she turned 19 she was hired to teach at a college in South Korea. On top of her unprecedented academic achievements, Sabur has a black belt in the Korean martial art of tae kwon do and is also a music prodigy.

Speaker D

Harry Lee McGinnis has been on a cross country trip for the last 18 years; except he's been all over the world. He has walked the US, Asia, Europe, Africa, and South America carrying only a 100 pound backpacks and a steel walking stick. McGinnis tries to only travel on foot but does take other transportation occasionally. His official country count is at 66, and he says the adventure has offered him new tastes such as roasted termites. He plans on continuing his walking until 2015, writing a book about all of the adventures and playing tennis at the age of 100.

Speaker E

Knight was born in 1940 in Massillon, Ohio and earned the nickname "the general" from his militaristic approach to the sport of college basketball. Knight has coached at the United States Military Academy, Indiana University, and most recently Texas Tech, and is also the winningest coach of all time in Division I basketball. However what sets Bob apart from the rest is his wide display of emotions while coaching on the court. He has been fined and sanctioned numerous times by the NCAA, thrown a chair across the court and even been arrested for threatening the members of the press.

Speaker F

Hilary Clinton is a United States Senator from New York. She is probably most well known as the wife of Bill Clinton. However, Hilary first came into the news in 1969 when she became the student to give commencement remarks at Wellesley College. The speech gathered a standing ovation which lasted seven minutes. She then went on to serve a few years as congressional legal counsel. She wrote an article entitled "Children Under the Law" and it was published in the Harvard Law Review.

Now you will hear the texts again. (Repeat.)

Текст по аудированию**2-8 Задания 2-8**

Прислушайтесь небольшому рассказу об Алексе Ленке и заполните пропуски недостающими сведениями. Каждому пропуску соответствует отдельное задание 2–8. Учитель прочитает вам рассказ дважды.

Now we are ready to start.

Alex Lenkei chose to use the mind instead of drugs as anesthetic. Using self-hypnosis Alex claims he was able to block out all of the pain from the surgery while being fully aware. The surgeon David Clark had no doubts over the unusual request. Everything was prepared for the operation. The surgeon David Clark had a success and performed his work skillfully.

However, before you try this on yourself from some internet self-help book, Lenkei has been a registered hypnotist since age 16. Throughout the surgery Lenkei said he felt deeply relaxed and there was an anesthesiologist on hand the entire time in case Lenkei's plan did not go as well as he intended.

Now you'll hear the text again. (Repeat.)**Система оценивания результатов выполнения заданий проверочной работы****Ответы к заданиям с выбором ответа и кратким ответом**

Номер задания	Ответ	Балл
1	524617	6
2	the mind	1*
3	the pain	1*
4	Hesitate<или>doubt	1*
5	hypnotist	1*
6	was prepared	1*
7	performed	1*
8	relaxed	1*
9	361574	6
10	2	1
11	3	1
12	1	1
13	1	1
14	3	1
15	2	1

Номер задания	Ответ	Балл
16	are	1
17	will teach	1
18	first	1
19	have received	1
20	us	1
21	more	1
22	2	1
23	1	1
24	3	1
25	2	1
26	4	1
27	4	1
28	harmful	1
29	connection	1
30	teachers	1
31	Education	1
32	ability	1
33	weaknesses	1